



## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WASHINGTON 23, D. C.

4 July 1950

SUBJECT: The Korean Situation The Korean Situation

Military Situation. The focal point of ground action in Korea has shifted south and east from the Seoul-Sumon area to the Sumon-Osan area. Although press dispatches from Tokyo state that Sumon has fallen to northern Korean forces, official reports indicated that the town was still in Southern hands at 0300 h July Washington time. Two northern columns, including tanks and artillery, are moving south and east of Secul in enveloping movements that threaten not only Sumon but . the entire area from Sumon south to Taejon.

The immediate objective of one Northern Korean column appears to be the town of Csan eight miles southeast of Sumon, and early contact with US ground forces moving toward this area is expected. Approximately two Southern Korean regiments remain in the Inchon-Sumon-Osan area. A second Northern column is approaching Wonju 70 miles to the east of Suwon, and troops of undetermined number are ina flanking position along the advance of this column. ... Undetermined numbers of Northern troops have been reported on the east coast about 40 miles north of Pohang.

Yesterday's air operations were restricted by poor weather which is expected to continue today. Two Northern planes were reported to have attacked an Australian naval unit off the east coast of Korea. FEC PES. estimates that the Northern air force has enough trained pilots to man sircraft presently available.

A Northern naval officer captured by US forces states that there are no submarines in the "People's-Navy" and claims that he had observed no Soviet sugnarines in Northern Korean waters recently. The Northern Korean "People's Navy" is believed to consist primarily of a small number of motor torpedo boats supplied by the USSR, together with several ex-US, ex-Japanese and Korean-built minesweepers.

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## II. Political Stability.

Reports indicate that south-bound refugees are becoming a serious problem and the number of Southern Korean military stragglers is mounting. Republican officials are attempting to adopt refugee security measures in order to secreen out potential saboteurs and guerrillas. Civilian morale in Taejon continues to be good, primarily because of the northward passage of US ground troops through that area.

The first member of the South Korean government reported to be cooperating with the Northern invaders is Won Sei Hun, a National Assemblyman from the Seoul central district. Won is scheduled to preside over the trials of anti-Communist suspects and Republican officials beginning on 1 July in Seoul.

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